**MIZORAM UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION**

**2020**

**SUBJECT: PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION**

**9th PAPER: POLITICAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE INSTITUTIONS**

**IN THE HILL AREAS OF NEI**

**PART-I**

**I. Multiple Choice Questions (200x1=200)**

1. The states of north east India are officially recognised by

(a) North Eastern Council

(b) North Eastern Area Reorganisation Act

(c) DONER

2. North East India geographically lies between

(a) 23 and 30 degree north latitude.

(b) 22 and 29 degree north latitude

(c) 24 and 40 degree north latitude.

3. North East India covers the area of

(a) 287680 sq.km

(b) 2455083 sq.km

(c) 255083 sq.km

4. North East is often described as

(a) ‘Asia in miniature’

(b) ‘Switzerland of the East’

(c) ‘Museum of Tribal’

5. The narrow land corridor of north east to the rest of the country is

(a) 23-45 km wide

(b) 43-65 km wide

(c) 21-40 km wide

6. Mizoram is literally translated as

(a) Land of the Tribal

(b) Land of the Highlanders

(c) Land of Mizo

7. The Tropic of Cancer runs through the state of

(a) Meghalaya

(b) Tripura

(c) Mizoram

8. The British annexed Mizoram in the year

(a) 1890

(b) 1980

(c) 1898

9. North Lushai Hills District Headquarter was

(a) Lunglei

(b) Aizawl

(c) Kolasib

10. Mizoram remains the Lushai hills till the year

(a) 1945

(b) 1942

(c) 1954

11. The North Eastern Reorganisation Act was passed by the parliament in

(a) 1971

(b) 1972

(c) 1970

12. The 23rd State of India is

(a) Meghalaya

(b) Mizoram

(c) Nagaland

13. The highest peak in Mizoram is

(a) Sakawrhmuituai

(b) Tan Tlang

(c) Phawngpui

14. The largest plain in Mizoram is

(a). Bairabi

(b). Champhai

(c). Buhchangphai

15. Who introduced Circle system in Mizoram?

(a) Capt. J. Shakespear

(b) Capt. M. Coulough

(c) Mac Donald

16. The British curtailed the power of the chief in matter of;

(a) Property rights over land

(b) Rights to seize all property of villagers

(c) Both a& b

17. Schools were opened in Mizoram by the Christian missionary in the year

(a) 1896

(b) 1894

(c) 1895

18. The famous declaration in the House of Common on the future of Indian government was introduced by

(a). Edwin Montaque

(b). Lord Wellesly

(c). Lord Mounbatten.

19. The Government of India Act, 1919 declared Mizoram as

(a). Exclude Area

(b). Backward Tract

(c). Partially-Excluded Area.

20. The passing of Government of India Act results in

(a) Indirect rule of the bureaucrats in the Lushai Hills.

(b) Administration of Mizoram comes under the Govt. of India

(c) Representation was send to Assam legislature.

21. The Government of India renamed the backward tract to Excluded and Partially Excluded Area on the recommendation of

(a) Attlee Commission

(b) Simon Commission

(c) Lee Commission

22. Which ministry looks after North East India

(a) DONER

(b) Ministry of Home Affairs.

(c) Ministry of North East.

23. In 1921, Khasi and Jaintia Hills was declared Backwad Tract except

(a) Shillong Municipal Area

(b) Mawsynram Area

(c) Khliehriat Area

24. The responsibility of Transferred subject under Govt. Of India Act 1919falls into

(a). The Governor

(b) Ministers

(c). Superintendent

25. The backward Tract of British India covers

(a) 309700 square miles

(b) 279070 square miles

(c) 207900 square miles

26. The Lushai Hills as a backward tract remained

(a) Unrepresented

(b). Represented

(c) Partially Represented

27. ‘Hnamchawmlal’

(a) Abolished under British rule

(b) Increase under British rule

(c) Decrease under British rule

28. Disarmament under British rule imply

(a) Fix maximum limit on the number of guns in each village

(b) All guns license was taken away

(c) All guns owners were punished

29. The Chief in the Lushai Hills under the British rule becomes

(a) Petty rulers

(b) Symbol of British authority.

(c) Both a & b.

30. The British imperial authorities named Meghalaya as

(a). Switzerland of the East

(b). Scotland of the East

(c). Flower beds of India.

31. The British incorporated Meghalaya into Assam in

(a) 1935

(b) 1865

(c) 1835

32. In 1919, the Governor –General in council declared Meghalaya as

(a) Backward Tract

(b) Excluded Area

(c) Partially Excluded Area.

33. Meghalaya is rich in

(a) Limestone

(b) Granite

(c) Bromite

34. Government of India Act, 1919 also known as

(a) Lord Ripons Reform

(b) Montford Reforms Act

(c) Edwin Reform Act

35. The Governor under the Government of India Act, 1919 was appointed by his Majesty for

(a) 5 years

(b) 10 years

(c) 6 years

36. Under the GOI Act, 1919 the Governor can nominate

(a) 15 members in the Legislative Council

(b) 20 members in the Legislative Council

(c) 14 members in the Legislative Council

37. The Government of India Act, 1935

(a) Provides for nominated members by the Governor

(b) Did not provide for nominated members by the Governor.

(c) Is left at the discretion of the Governor, whether or not to nominate member

38. Government of India Act, 1935 was enacted by

(a) Parliament of United Kingdom

(b) Interim Government of India

(c) The Crown

39. GOI, Act 1935 was repealed in

(a) 15th August 1947

(b) 1st January 1947

(c) 26th January 1950

40. GOI, Act1935 brings changes in regard to

(a). Provincial Autonomy

(b). Diarchy at the centre

(c). Both a & b

41. The British rule in the Lushai Hills was marked by

(a) Chin-Lushai Expedition

(b) Assam Expedition

(c) Indian Expedition

42. Traditional Mizo Chief was

(a) Democratic ruler

(b) Autocratic ruler

(c) Dictatorship

43. Chief in Mizoram was assisted by

(a) Durbur

(b) Council of Elders (Upa)

(c). Laskers

44. Fathang is

(a) Salt tax

(b) Bee tax

(c) Paddy tax

45. The Mizo Chief has the right to collect additional quantities of paddy from

(a) Ramhual and Zalen

(b) Val Upa

(c) Council of Elders.

46. Village writer during Chieftainship was called

(a) Tlangau

(b) Puithiam

(c) Khawchhiar

47. Before the advent of British Mizo Chief were

(a) Allowed to keep slaves/bawih

(b) Not allowed to keep slaves/bawih

(c) Slave system were not heard of.

48. The customary head of Khasi Hills is

(a) Doloi

(b) Syiem

(c) Sardar

49. The office of traditional head of Khasi and Jaintia Hills was

(a) Nominated

(b) Hereditary

(c) Elected

50. When the electoral Durbar cannot come to decision Syiem are elected by

(a) The People

(b) Wadadahar

(c) Basan

51. Succession of Syiem is through the

(a) Female side

(b) Male side

(c) Both female and male sides

52. Durbar means

(a) Body of elected representative

(b) Body constituted to assist the chief

(c) Body of electorates

53. The administrative powers of Syiem includes

(a) Management of forest

(b) Management of market

(c) Both a& b

54. In Khasi Hill Syiem is

(a) Political Head

(b) Pope and the King

(c) A dictator

55. In criminal cases, Syiem can impose charge upto

(a) Rs. 50

(b) Rs.500

(c) Rs. 30

56. The Syiem of Mylliem has the power of

(a) Third class Magistrate

(b) Second class Magistrate

(c) First class Magistrate

57. In Khasi Hill there is no

(a) Land Revenue

(b) Market Revenue

(c) Octroi

58. The British wanted to reduce the powers of the khasi chief by introducing

(a) Durbar

(b) Sanads

(c) Lyngdoh

59. In the pre British period, Jaintia tribes had

(a) One –tier system of administration

(b) Two-tier system of administration

(c) Three-tier system of administration

60. The British refused to recognise the new syiem in jaintia hill after the death of

(a) Raja Ram Singh

(b) Raja Mohan Singh

(c) Raja Lakeh

61. Jaintias are also called

(a) Sytengs

(b) Pnars

(c) Both a& b

62. The Jaintia syiemship ended in

(a) 1823

(b) 1835

(c) 1845

63. Durbar in Jaintia Hills was represented by the village headmen known as

(a) Eleka

(b) Wahen chnongs

(c) Wahen stengs

64. Person who collects taxes and tolls under doloiship is known as

(a) Dan

(b) Haramuid

(c) Duhalia

65. The Sagot is

(a) A village executive

(b) A musician

(c) A village crier

66. Rules for the Administration of Justice and Police in the Khasi and Jaintia Hills, 1937 empowered Dolois to act as

(a) Rural Police

(b) Rural Educator

(c) Rural Sanitation Officer

67. In Jaintia Hills, they try all cases in open durbar in the presence of

(a) Two witnesses

(b) Three witnesses

(c) Four witnesses

68. A’King Nokma becomes a nokma by virtue of his

(a) Heritage

(b) Wealth

(c) Relationship to a woman who is the head of the village

69. Gana Nokma is

(a) A wealthy man

(b) Ordinary Man

(c) Political man

70. A’King Nokma has the right

(a) To sell land

(b) No right to sell land

(c) Both a&b

71. The British reduced the powers of Laskers by

(a) The Regulation of 1982

(b) The Regulation of 1885

(c) The Regulation of 1882

72. The Rules of 1958 takes away Nokmas

(a) Judicial powers

(b) Financial powers

(c) Executive powers

73. Sardar’s job in the Garo Hills is

(a) Full time

(b) Part time

(c) Both a&b

74. Village Council in Mizoram was the creation of

(a) Sixth Schedule

(b) Union Territory Act

(c) Lushai Hills District Act

75. The first Village Council election was held on

(a) 23rd April, 1954

(b) 27th April, 1945

(c) 21st April, 1954

76. According to 2014 Amendment of Village Council Act

(a) One-third is reserved for women

(b) Two-third is reserved for women

(c) No reservation for women

77. A village having a population of 501-1000 houses shall have

(a) 5 elected members

(b) 8 elected members

(c) 7 elected members

78. Election of Village Council is the responsibility of the

(a) Election Commission of India

(b) State Election Commission

(c) Deputy Commissioner

79. Candidates for Village Council must be attained the age of

(a) 25 years

(b) 21 years

(c) 35 years

80. Members of village council can be disqualified on the ground of

(a) He/she is of unsound mind

(b) He/she holds any office of profit under the Govt.

(c) Both a&b

81. The term of Village Council as revised Act is

(a) 5 years

(b) 3 years

(c) 6 years

82. The Sub-Committee of the constituent Assembly known as the North East Frontier (Assam) Tribal and Excluded Committee was headed by

(a) J. Shakespeare

(b) Shri. Gopinath Bordoloi

(c) Nicholas Roy

83. Sixth Schedule provides the establishment of

(a) Autonomous District

(b) Union Territory

(c) Statehood

84. The Lushai Hills District Council came into being in

(a) 1954

(b) 1945

(c) 1952

85. The area covers under sixth schedule is divided into

(a) Part I,II,III,IV

(b) Part I, II, IIA, III

(c) Part A, B, C, D

86. Pawi-Lakher Regional Council came into existence in

(a) 1953

(b) 1954

(c) 1952

87. Pawi Regional Council was converted into District Council in the year

(a) 1986

(b) 1972

(c) 1967

88. The Head of the District Council is the

(a) Executive Council

(b) Executive Member

(c) Chief Executive Council

89. The Governor appointed

(a) Two members in the District Council

(b) Three members in the District Council

(c) One member in the District Council

90. The Advisory Council in the Pawi-Lakher Regional Council comprised of

(a) 25 members

(b) 20 members

(c) 35 members

91. The President of Pawi-Lakher Tribal Union at the time of its inception was

(a) Z. Hengmang

(b) Zialung

(c) Vako

92. The Lushai Hills District council was inaugurated by

(a) Nicholas Roy

(b) Chhungmunga

(c) Bishnuram Medhi

93. The headquarters of Pawi-Lakher Regional Council is at

(a) Saiha

(b) Lawngtlai

(c) Chawngte

94. According to Sixth Schedule Aizawl district is

(a) A tribal area

(b) Not a tribal area

(c) OBC area

95. Area of local authority is determined by

(a) Population Factor

(b) Ethnic Factor

(c) Both a&b

96. Legislative power of District Council includes

(a)Allotment of land

(b) Management of forest

(c) Both a&b

97. District Council has the power to construct or manage

(a) Primary Schools

(b) College

(c) Higher Secondary

98. Each tribe is given representation in the ADC/DC so as to diffuse

(a) Corruption

(b) Ethnic tension

(c) Groupism

99. Transfer of land from a tribal to non-tribal is

(a) A violation of rule of law

(b) Not a violation of law

(c) No restrictions

100. Under the Government of Mizoram, district councils is look after by

(a) District Council Management Department

(b) District Council Affairs Department

(c) Home Department

101. The provision of Sixth Schedule is incorporated in

(a) Article 214(1) and 244 (3)

(b) Article 244(2) and 275(1)

(c) Article 244(a) and 275 (b)

102. Who is empowered to declare schedule area in India?

(a) The Governor

(b) The President

(c) The Prime Minister

103. Theoretically, District Council function independently of the

(a) Central Government

(b) State Government

(c) Both a&b

104. The representative of the central government in the district council is

(a) CEM

(b) Advisory Council

(c) Governor

105. The present Governor of Mizoram is

(a) P.S Sreedharan Pillai

(b) KM Rajasekharan

(c) PK Krishna Das

106. Present Governor of Meghalaya is

(a) Saugata Roy

(b) Yogi Adityanath

(c) Tathagata Roy

107. Chakma Autonomous District Council headquarters is at

(a) Tuichawng

(b) Kalamanagar

(c) Saiha

108. The present CEM of Lai District Council is

(a) Thankunga

(b) T. Hauthang

(c) T Zakunga

109. Lai people were earlier known as

(a) Pawi

(b) Lakher

(c) Hmar

110. Lai Autonomous District Council has

(a) 30 councillors

(b) 27 councillors

(c) 20 councillors

111. Lakher Autonomous District Council (ADC) was changed to

(a) Pawi ADC

(b) Riang ADC

(c) Mara ADC

112. The Chief Executive Member of Mara Autonomous District Council is

(a) N Zakhai

(b) M. Zalian

(c) S Hlychho

113. Mara Autonomous District Council Composed of

(a) 15 councillors

(b) 25 councillors

(c) 30 councillors

114. The Provision of Sixth Schedule does not include

(a) Municipal area of Shillong

(b) Moirang district

(c) Both a& b

115. Present CEM of Khasi Hills Autonomous District Council is

(a) Goodwill Nicholas

(b) Titosstarwell Chyne

(c) JJM Nicholson

116. Jaintia Hills Autonomous Headquarters is located in

(a) Jowai

(b) Hansao

(c) Shillong

117. The recent CEM of Jaintia Hills ADC is

(a) AH Darnei

(b) T Shiwat

(c) Peter Pnars

118. The election of Autonomous District Council is based on

(a) Universal Adult Franchise

(b) Indirect election

(c) Wholly nominated

119. Sixth Schedule to the constitution aimed

(a) To safeguard the tribal in NEI.

(b) To protect the tribal all over India

(c) Both a& b

120. Tribal in North East India are

(a) Neglected

(b) Discriminated

(c) Both a& b

121. Reservation of seats for women in the District Council is

(a). Compulsory

(b). Not compulsory

(c). Not mentioned anywhere.

122. The North and South Lushai Hills District were amalgamated into Lushai Hills District on:

(a) April 1, 1897

(b) April 1, 1898

(c) April 1, 1899

123. The North Lushai Hills District was placed under the jurisdiction of:

(a) Lt. Governor of Bengal

(b) British Supirentendent

(c) Chief Commissioner of Assam

124. The South Lushai Hills District was placed under the jurisdiction of:

(a) Lt. Governor of Bengal

(b) British Superintendent

(c) Chief Commissioner of Assam

125. At the initial stage, the administration of the North and South Lushai Hill Districts was in the hands of an officer designated as:

(a) Political Officer

(b) Administrative Officer

(c) Circle Interpreter

126. The designation of Political Officer was changed to Superintendent in:

(a) 1898

(b) 1894

(c) 1891

127. In pre-independence period, the head of the Lushai Hills District was designated as: (a) Commissioner

(b) Superintendent

(c) Inspector

128. The first Superintendent of Lushai Hills District was:

(a) AG McCall

(b) Capt. HR Browne

(c) Maj. John Shakespear

129. The first Indian to take over as Superintendent in the Lushai Hills District was:

(a) SN Barkataki

(b) RV Pillai

(c) SP Mukherjee

130. Lushai Hills District Council was constituted under the provision of Sixth Schedule to the Indian Constitution in:

(a) September, 1954

(b) April, 1952

(c) July, 1952

131. The name of the Lushai Hills District was changed to Mizo District by an Act of parliament in:

(a) April, 1952

(b) August, 1954

(c) September, 1954

132. Who was both the last Superintendent and first Deputy Commissioner of the Lushai Hills District?

(a) SN Barkataki

(b) Gopinath Bordoloi

(c) AG McCall

133. Mizo District was elevated to Union Territory and the name was changed into Mizoram in:

(a) July 14, 1972

(b) March 15, 1972

(c) January 21, 1972

134. The entire Mizo District administration including the District Council was controlled and look after by a department known as:

(a) Tribal Areas Department, Govt. of Assam

(b) Tribal Affairs Department, Govt. of Assam

(c) Tribal Development Department, Govt. of Assam

135. The Khasi kingdom in Meghalaya became an integral part of the British empire in: (a) 1760

(b) 1765

(c) 1770

136. The Garo Hills of Meghalaya were annexed by the British in:

(a) 1872

(b) 1870

(c) 1873

137. In the society of Jaintia kingdom in Meghalaya, the villages that were located in a particular region formed a single political unit called ‘elakas’, headed by:

(a) Nokma

(b) Syem

(c) Doloi.

138. A United Khasi & Jaintia Hills District Council was set up under the provision of Sixth schedule on:

(a) June 15, 1952

(b) June 27, 1952

(c) June 29, 1952

139. Garo Hills District Council was set up on:

(a) March 24, 1953

(b) June 27, 1952

(c) July 20, 1952

140. A separate District Council for the Jaintias in Meghalaya was set up in:

(a) 1972

(b) 1971

(c) 1966

141. At present, how many Districts are there in Meghalaya?

(a) 10

(b) 11

(c) 12

142. Who introduced the system of Circle Administration in the Lushai Hills District?

(a) Major J. Shakespear

(b) Robert Reid

(c) N.E. Perry

143. The British Superintendent in the Lushai Hills District was under the direct supervision of:

(a) Lt. Governor of Bengal ( )

(b) Governor General ( )

(c) Chief Commissioner of Assam

144. The Lushai Hills District was divided into:

(a) 3 sub-divisions

(b) 2 sub-divisions

(c) 4 sub-divisions

145. The highest and key functionary of the state government at the district level is:

(a) District Judge

(b) Chief Secretary

(c) Deputy Commissioner

146. The principal duty of Deputy Commissioner is:

(a) Maintenance of law and order

(b) To conduct general elections

(c) To conduct census operation

147. The office of District Collector/ Deputy Commissioner came into existence in India in the year:

(a) 1771

(b) 1772

(c) 1773

148. An Autonomous State of Meghalaya was created within the state of Assam in:

(a) April 2, 1970

(b) April 3, 1972

(c) April 5, 1974

149. The Constitution (Twenty-second Amendment) Act, 1969, inserted new article 244A in the Constitution to empower Parliament to enact a law for constituting an autonomous State within the State of:

(a) Nagaland

(b) Tripura

(c) Assam

150. The Constitution (Twenty-second Amendment) Bill, 1969 was introduced in the Lok Sabha on:

(a) 15 April, 1969

(b) 10 April 1969

(c) 5 April, 1969

151. The Constitution (Twenty-second Amendment) Act, 1969 came into forced on:

(a) 25 September, 1969

(b) 26 September, 1969

(c) 30 September, 1969

152. The Assam Reorganization (Meghalaya) Act 1969, was enacted on

(a) 25 September, 1969

(b) 20 December, 1969

(c) 29 December, 1969

153. The full-fledged State of Meghalaya came into existence on:

(a) 21 January 1972

(b) 25 February, 1972

(c) 30 March, 1972

154. The Mizoram Statehood Bill and the 53rd Constitutional Bill 1986 were passed by the Parliament on:

(a) 30th June, 1986

(b) 14th August, 1986

(c) 20th February, 1987

155. Which article was inserted in the Constitution by the 53rd Constitutional Amendment regarding Special Provision for the State of Mizoram?:

(a) Article 370 A

(b) Article 371 F

(c) Article 371 G

156. The State of Mizoram Act was enforced on:

(a) 14th August, 1986

(b) 20th February, 1987

(c) 30th June, 1986

157. The Deputy Commissioner of Aizawl, presently is

(a) Vanlalngaihsaka

(b) V.Lalsanglina

(c) Dr. Lalzirmawia Chhangte

158. The First Mizoram State Legislative Assembly Election was held on:

(a) 20th January, 1987

(b) 10th February, 1987

(c) 16th February, 1987

159. The first Chief Minister of Mizoram State was:

(a) Laldenga

(b) Lalthanhawla

(c) Ch. Chhunga

160. At present, the state of Mizoram was divided into:

(a) 8 Districts

(b) 10 Districts

(c) 11 Districts

161. The First Speaker of the Mizoram State Legislative Assembly was:

(a) Mr. J. Thanghuama

(b) Mr. Hiphei

(c) Mr. Rokamlova

162. The British introduced a system of regulation to restrict contact between Lushai and outsider called

(a)Peace Accord

(b) Inner Line Regulation

(c) Both a&b

163. Notification of Inner Line is made on the Northern Frontier of Cachar District by the

(a) Governor –General in Council

(b) Superintendent

(c) Chief Minister of Assam

164. Separate Inner Line for the Lushai Hills was issued on

(a) 27th May 1930

(b) 26th January 1965

(c). 28th August 1930

165. The latest modification of ILR was issued on

(a) 1st September, 2006

(b) 21st October, 2005

(c) 2nd October, 2006

166. The main aim of ILR is to safeguard the Lushai from

(a) Economic exploitation

(b) Social and cultural assimilation

(c) Both a&b

167. The Deputy Commissioner of the districts can issue ILP for a period of

(a) 1 Year

(b) Six months

(c) 15 days

168. The Liaison Officer (Resident Commissioner) can issue

(a) Temporary permit

(b) Permanent permit

(c) None of the above.

169. Renewal of ILP is subject to

(a) Financial condition of the applicant

(b) Good conduct of the applicant

(c) Position of the applicant.

170. Person exempted for ILP is

(a) Member of Security Forces

(b) Permanent Government servants

(c) Both a &b

171. The Mizoram Peace Accord was signed on

(a) 30th June, 1986

(b) 26th January, 1950

(c) 20th June, 1986

172. The Peace Accord was signed between

(a) The Congress Government and the MNF

(b) The Government of India and the MNF

(c) The Government of India and the Congress Party

173. After signing the Accord the Government of India take steps to

(a) Resettlement of MNF personnel

(b) Rehabilitation of the MNF

(c) Both a& b

174. Initiative of Mizoram Peace Accord was taken by

(a) Mrs Indira Gandhi

(b) Rajiv Gandhi

(c) Moraji Desai

175. The Memorandum of Settlement results in the formation of

(a) Union Territory

(b) Statehood

(c) None of the above

176. The Inner Line Regulation, as now in force cannot be amended or repealed without consulting

(a) The state government

(b) The public

(c) Civil society

177. The signatory of Memorandum of Settlement on behalf of the MNF was

(a) Ch . Chhunga

(b) Zoramthanga

(c) Laldenga

178. The signatory Memorandum of Settlement on behalf of the Government of India was

(a) RD Pradhan

(b) GK Sucral

(c) Indira Gandhi

179. Who was the Chief Secretary to the Government of Mizoram in 1986?

(a) Lalsawta

(b) Lalkhama

(c) Lalfakzuala

180. The MNF returnees were about

(a) 1000

(b) 500

(c) 600

181. The State Bill become effective on

(a) 14th August, 1986

(b) 20th February, 1987

(c) 21st January, 1986

182. The direct result of Peace Accord was

(a) Dissolution of Congress government

(b) Formation of Coalition government

(c) Both a&b

183. The Governor of Mizoram at the time of the Accord was

(a) Hiteshwar Saikia

(b) HS Dubey

(c) KV Krishna Rao

184. The Three Congress I ministers who gave up their ministerial post were

(a) Rualchina , Tawnluia & Vaivenga

(b) Rokamlova, Hiphei & Liansuama

(c) R. Tahngliana, Sainghaka & CL Ruala

185. The first general election after the Peace accord was held on

(a) 29th January 1987

(b) 1st February 1987

(c) 16th February 1987

186. The main agency responsible for preparing state plan is

(a) Planning Department

(b) State Planning Board

(c) Finance Department

187. The Plan Approach paper is sends to

(a) The Chief Minister and the State Planning Board for review, recommendation and approval

(b) The Central planning Department for review and approval

(c) The Prime Minister’s Office.

188. The main functions of the state planning board as recommended by the Administrative Reform Commission are:

(a) To make an assessment of the state's resources and formulate plans for the most effective and balanced utilisation of those resources;

(b) To determine plan priorities of the state within the framework of the priorities of the National Plan

(c). Both a&b

189. The Chairman of State Planning Board in Mizoram is

(a). Zoramthanga

(b). Lalnunmawia Chuaungo

(c). Tawnluia

190. Meghalaya State Planning Board (MSPB) is chaired by

(a) PA Sangma

(b) Lambor Malngiang

(c) JK Lyngdoh

191. 73rd & 74th Constitution Amendment emphasised on

(a) District planning

(b) State planning

(c) Central planning

192. District Planning Committee consolidated plans prepared by

(a) Panchayats

(b) Municipalities

(c). Both a&b

193. District Planning Committee is formed under

(a) Central Committee

(b) State Planning Board

(c) NITI Aayog

194. District Planning Committee is created as per

(a) Article 234DZ

(b) Article 243 DM

(c) Article 243ZD

195. States and Union Territory exempted from the constitution of District Planning Committee includes

(a) Meghalaya, Mizoram, & Nagaland

(b) Jammu& Kashmir & Delhi

(c) Both a & b

196. The North Eastern Council came into being on

(a) 7th November 1972

(b) 25th September 1972

(c) 8th November 1971

197. Sikkim is added in the NEC in the year

(a) 2000

(b) 2001

(c) 2002

198. NEC functions under

(a) Ministry of Home Affairs

(b) Ministry of Development of North Eastern Region

(c) Tribal Affairs Ministry

199. How many states are there in the NEC?

(a) 7

(b) 10

(c) 8

200. NEC is constituted under

(a) NEC Act 1971

(b) North Eastern Area Reorganisation Act, 1971

(c) Both a& b

**II. Fill in the blanks. (100x1=100)**

1. About….. per cent of North East India has International boundary.
2. North East India is connected to the rest of India called……neck.
3. The North Eastern Development Finance Corporation Ltd (NEDFi) was incorporated on………
4. The geographical area of Mizoram is……..Sq.km
5. Aizawl is situated over……..metres above sea level.
6. The most common language in Mizoram is ……….
7. The Christian missionary came into Aizawl on ……..
8. The whole Lushai District was divided into……Circles.
9. The White paper was published in the year…...
10. The British took over the administration of Assam in……
11. The Institution of Bawi was abolished on…….
12. Mithun (freedom price) was equal to Rs……
13. The …….clans established themselves as a ruling clan before the annexation of Mizoram.
14. The advent of British led to the formation of mizo political party known as………
15. Fathang is equal to……basket of paddy.
16. Chieftainship was abolished in the year….
17. Mizo Union was formed in……
18. Eleka in the Khasi Hills means……
19. The Sanads in the Khasi Hills regulate the relationship between the Syiem and the……..
20. …….. has the highest authority in Jaintia Hills.
21. Sixth Schedule is a provision to administer the tribal areas of……..
22. There are …… district council in Meghalaya.
23. The ……… is empowered to declare an area as scheduled area.
24. The governor report……. to the President about management of scheduled area.
25. The first commission to report on the welfare of scheduled area was established in the year……
26. In India, there are …….states having scheduled area.
27. The central and states Acts ………apply on scheduled areas.
28. Pawi Autonomous District Council was renamed to Lai ADC in the year…….
29. In 1999 Chhimtuipui West District was renamed…………district.
30. Sangau bock comes under Lawngtlai district in…...
31. Out of 25 councillors in Mara ADC…….are nominated by the Governor.
32. In Jaintia Hills ADC out of 30 councillors…… is nominated.
33. The international border of Mizoram in the west is…….
34. The generic meaning of Mizo is………
35. According to 2011 census Mizoram has a population of……..
36. The word Chhinlung means a………
37. The first Mizo chief was………
38. Captain Backwood Expedition to Mizo chief Lalsuaka took place in the year….
39. In 1850, Lt Col…….. burned down the villages in Mizo Hills.
40. Bengkhuaia attacked Alexanderpur Tea Garden and took…….as captive.
41. The great women chief among the Mizo was………
42. The Mizo’s engaged themselves mainly on ……..cultivation.
43. The ……..announced the important orders of the chief.
44. The Thirdeng gets ……basket of paddy from each families.
45. The bachelor’s dormitory was called……
46. North and South Lushai Hill district administration was in the hands of…….
47. The first Indian to take over as Superintendent of the Lushai hills was Shri………
48. Insurgency in Mizoram took place in the year……
49. The Tura Conference was held in the year…..
50. The nodal agency for economic and social development of North Eastern Region is…..
51. The density of population in Mizoram as per 2011 Census is….person per sq km.
52. The capital of the north lushai hills (1985) was…….
53. The south lushai hills were under the Lt. Governor of…….
54. FW Savidge and JH Lorraine was sponsored by ………mission
55. Lushai Hills District Council was renamed as Mizo District Council by an Act of…………
56. The secretary of Autonomous District Council is ……….by the CEM from outside.
57. Para 4 of the Sixth Schedule constitute……..
58. The Mizo District Transfer of Land Act was passed in……..
59. The ………..Department is the main controlling authority concerning the affairs of the District Council of the State,
60. The law passes by the District council cannot become an Act until it is approved by the …….
61. Any dispute between the state and the district council should be decided by the …….. in his discretion.
62. Syiem are elected from their family by electoral…….
63. Khasi women have ……to vote.
64. The Syiem acts as…….of the Durbar.
65. The Durbar is an ……….council.
66. Every act of the syiem must be approved by the ……
67. Syiem used to be the Commander-in -Chief of the ……..
68. All Syiem are delegated with the power of …….
69. Khasi and Jaintia Hills District Council were constituted in 1952 under the provision of …….schedule.
70. Syiem is liable to removal from office by an order of the…….
71. The people of Jaintia Hills are known as …….
72. Monarchy in Jaintia hills is hereditary passing from uncle to…….
73. At the zonal stage the Provincial Governor in Jaintia Hills is known as the……
74. After annexation of Jaintia Hill, election of Doloi has to be approved by the …….
75. Separate Jaintia Hills Disrtict Council was set up in the year……
76. There are …… Dolois in the Jaintia Hills.
77. Headman in Garo Hill is called…….
78. The Nokma is a social and………representative of the village.
79. A King Nokma keeps a special drum considered to have ……..powers
80. The Garo Hills District Council was constituted on …….
81. The…………….held during 14th – 18th Dec. 1896 at Lunglei recommended amalgamation of North and South Lushai Hills District under Assam.
82. . Meghalaya became the ………of the Indian Union on January 21, 1972.
83. The First Election to the Meghalaya Legislative Assembly was held on………
84. The first Chief Minister of Meghalaya was......
85. The total number of members in Meghalaya Assembly is …..
86. ………..issued orders for the restoration of the *Zawlbuk* system by every village comprising more than 25 houses.
87. ……….introduced Land Settlement Policy in Lushai Hills District.
88. As the Executive Magistrate, the ……………..exercises functions and powers under various provisions of the Cr.PC.
89. The Deputy Commissioner is the……………..for the election of Parliament, State Legislature and Local Bodies.
90. . The Census Officer in a District is the……………
91. Under Inner Line Regulation not exceeding……labourers may be imported by obtaining No Objection Certificate.
92. A special ILP cell should be set up in every………
93. ILR was challenged in High Court in the year….
94. Peace Accord reduced the number of legislative members from 60 to…..
95. MNF returnees were given `……. Each by the Government for their rehabilitation.
96. As a result of Peace Accord Mr Lalthanhawla stepped down as Chief Minister and become…….
97. Members of North Eastern Council are all Chief Minister and…….
98. So far, NEC has funded……….megawatts of electricity.
99. NEC headquarters is located in……..
100. ……. is the most suitable administrative unit for decentralised planning below the state level.

**ANSWER KEYS**

**Subj: Public Administration**

**Paper: IX (Political and Administrative Institutions in the Hill Areas of NEI)**

1. **Multiple Choice**

1. a 2.b 3.c 4.a 5.c 6.b 7.c 8.a 9.b 10.a 11.a 12.b 13. c 14.b 15.a 16.c 17.b 18.a 19.b 20.a 21.b 22.a 23a 24.b 25.c 26.a 27.b 28.a 29.c 30.b 31.c 32.a 33.a 34.b 35.a 36.c 37.b 38.a 39.c 40.c 41.a 42.b 43.b 44.c 45.a 46.c 47.a 48.b 49.c 50.a 51.a 52.b 53.c 54.b 55.a 56.c 57.a 58.b 59.c 60.a 61.a 62.b 63.b 64.a 65.c 66.a 67.b 68.c 69.a 70.b 71.c 72.a 73.b 74.a 75.c 76.a 77.c 78.b 79.a 80.c 81.a 82.b 83.a 84.a 85.b 86.c 87.b 88.c 89.a 90.b 91.a 92.c 93.b 94.b 95.b 96.c 97.a 98.b 99.a 100.b 101. b 102.b 103.c 104.c 105.a 106.c 107.b 108.c 109.a 110.b 111.c 112.a 113.b 114.a 115.b 116.a 117.b 118.a 119.a 120.c 121.a 122.b 123.c 124.a 125.a 126.c 127.b 128.c 129.a 130.b 131.c 132.a 133.c 134.a 135.b 136.c 137.c 138.b 139.a 140.c 141.b 142.a 143.c 144.b 145.c 146.a 147.b 148.a 149.c 150.b 151.a 152.c 153.a 154.c 155.b 156.b 157.a 158.c 159.a 160.c 161.a 162.b 163.a 164.c 165.a 166.c 167.b 168.a 169.b 170.c 171.a 172.b 173.c 174.a 175.b 176.a 177.c 178.a 179.b 180.c 181.b 182.c 183.a 184.b 185.c 186.b 187.a 188.c 189.a 190.b 191.a 192.c 193.b 194.c 195.c 196.a 197. c 198.b 199.c 200.a

1. **Fill in the blanks**
2. 98 percent
3. Chicken
4. 9th August.1995
5. 21,087sg.km
6. 1000mts
7. Mizotawng
8. 11th January,1894
9. 18
10. 1933
11. 1826
12. 29th October,1915
13. Rs.40
14. Sailo
15. Lushai Commoners Union
16. 1-3 basket
17. 1954
18. 1946
19. Area
20. British
21. Doloi
22. Assam
23. 3(three)
24. President
25. Annually
26. 1960
27. 10(ten)
28. Do/does not
29. 1988
30. Lawngtlai
31. 2005
32. 4(four)
33. 1 (one)
34. Bangladesh
35. Hillman or Highlanders
36. 8,91,058
37. Covering rocks
38. Zahmuaka
39. 1844
40. Lister
41. Mary Winchester
42. Ropuiliani
43. Jhum
44. Tlangau
45. One
46. Zawlbuk
47. Political Officer
48. BN Barkataki
49. 1966
50. 1954
51. North Eastern Council (NEC)
52. 52 (fifty two)
53. Aizawl
54. Bengal
55. Arthington
56. Parliament
57. Appointed
58. Village Council Court
59. 1964
60. District Council Affairs
61. Governor
62. Governor
63. Durbar
64. No rights
65. President
66. Executive
67. Durbar
68. Army
69. Magistrate
70. Sixth
71. District Council
72. Jaintias
73. Nephew
74. Dolois
75. Deputy Commissioner
76. 1966
77. 23 (twenty three)
78. Nokma
79. Economic
80. Super natural
81. 24th March, 1953.
82. The 2nd Chin – Lushai Conference
83. 21st State
84. March 9, 1972.
85. Williamson A. Sangma
86. 60 (Sixty)
87. NE Perry
88. J. Shakespere
89. Deputy Commissioner
90. District Election Commissioner
91. Deputy Commissioner
92. 50(fifty)
93. Police Station
94. 2008
95. 40 (forty)
96. 20,000
97. Deputy Chief Minister
98. Governors
99. 250
100. Shillong
101. District.