

## **MCQ on American History (1776-1945)**

### **unit I**

1. America was recognized as a country in

- a) 1776   b) 1777   c) 1778   d) 1779

2. Which battle was the turning point of American revolution?

- a) Battle of Saratoga   b) Battle of Quebec   c) Battle of Bunker's Heights   d) Battle of Alamo

3. The role played by the colonies in the war encouraged them to raise in arms against

- a) France   b) England   c) America   d) Spain

4. Who among the following was the father of the constitution

- a) James Madison   b) Patrick Henry   c) Abraham Lincoln   d) Jefferson

5. The major issues of the two parties debated concerned the inclusion of the

- a) Bill of rights   b) Slavery rights   c) Constitution rights   d) Women's Right

6. The political parties began to form during the struggle over the ratification of the federal constitution of

- a) 1783   b) 1785   c) 1787   d) 1788

7. The Federalist was led by secretary of state

a) Alexander Hamerton b) Thomas Jefferson c) F.D Roosevelt d) David John

8. The anti-federalist were led by secretary of state

a) Thomas Jefferson b) James Madison c) Alexander Hamilton d) John Coulhon

9. The federalist era was a period in American history from

a) 1729-1802 b) 1787-1801 c) 1789-1801 d) 1801-1806

10. The United States Constitution was written in

a) 1777 b) 1797 c) 1787 d) 1788

11. Who among the following feared strong central government

a) Thomas Jefferson c) Alexander Hamilton c) Andrew Jackson d) James Monroe

12. Who among the following disagreed with the religious reform

a) Andrew Jackson b) Alexander Hamilton c) Thomas Jefferson d) David James

13. The first continental congress 1774 was held in

a) Ohio b) Philadelphia b) Texas d) New York

14. Who was the architect of the American constitution

a) Thomas Jefferson b) F.D Roosevelt c) Abraham Lincoln d) George Washington

15. The numbers of colonies during the American Revolution was

- a) 12 b) 13 c) 15 d) 16

16. The first American political party was

- a) Democratic party b) Federalist party c) Republican party d) The Whigs

17. The Federalist party controlled the federal government until

- a) 1801 b) 1803 c) 1802 d) 1804

18. The Republican party was led by

- a) Thomas Jefferson b) Andrew Jackson c) Abraham Lincoln d) James Monroe

19. The American War was followed by the 2nd Continental Congress in

- a) 1773 b) 1774 c) 1776 d) 1775

20. The Boston Tea Party took place in the year

- a) 1773 b) 1773 c) 1734 d) 1772

21. In the War of 1812 between 13 states of the US and Great Britain; Britain set fire to the White House in

- a) April 1813 b) August 1813 c) August 1814 d) April 1814

22. The Virginia tobacco was regulated to be exported only to England in

- a) 1605 b) 1606 c) 1607 d) 1609

23. Bury my heart at wounded knee was written by

- a) Dee Brown b) Hugh Brogan c) H.B.Parkes d) John Williams

24. The War of 1812 was fought in between

- a) June 1812-january 1814 b) June 1812 - january 1815 c) June 1814 - January 1816  
d) June 1812- January 1818

25. The War of the 1812 was the

- a) First war of independent b) second war of Independent c) second war of civil war  
d) Indian war

26. The President Madison signed a declaration of war against Britain on

- a) June 18, 1812 b) June 19, 1812 c) July 20, 1812 d) August 18, 1813

27. The Monroe doctrine was a U.S foreign policy regarding domination of the Americas in

- a) 1820 b) 1823 c) 1825 d) 1828

28. President James Monroe first stated the doctrine during his

- a) 6th Annual congress b) 7th Annual congress c) 8th Annual congress d) 2<sup>nd</sup> annual congress

29. The term 'Monroe's Doctrine' itself was coined in

- a) 1847 b) 1850 c) 1852 d) 1853

30. Who among the following was British foreign minister to the U.S during signing the

**Monroe Doctrine**

a) John Quincy b) Gorge Canning c) James K. Polk d) Robert Brown

**31. Christopher Columbus landed in American in the year**

a) 1440 b) 1419 c) 1492 d) 1994

**32. George Washington belong to the state of**

a) Virginia b) Kentakey c) New York d) Philladelphia

**33. In which year George Washington became the first American President ?**

a) 1780 b) 1786 c) 1789 d) 1790

**34. Independent Day was first established as a Holiday by congress in the year**

a) 1870 b) 1871 c) 1872 d) 1873

**35. When did Textas become a state ?**

a) 1814 b) 1843 c) 1845 d) 1846

**36. Who was a first President to live in the White House**

a) George Washington b) John Adams c) Jefferson d) Jackson

**37. Which European language was first use in the U.S**

a) Spanish b) Freanch c) English d) Dutch

38. What is the name of the first American constitution

- a) Article of Confederation b) The Philedellphia Amendment c) The free American Constitution d) Unified Colorial Articles

39. The Judiciary Act of 1789 specified that the supreme court shall consist of

- a) 3 Judge b) 4 Judge c) 5 Judge d) 6 Judge

40. who among the American presidents was given the nick name "Sharp Knife" by the Indian

- a) Andrew Jackson b) Madision c) Jefferson d) Monroe

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## MCQ on American History 1775 -1945

### unit II

1. What was one reason James k. polk won the Presidential ecection of 1849

- a) He was removing American Indians from their native land
- b) He was committed to fulfilling the goals of manifest destiny**
- c) He passed the extension of slavery west of the Mississippi River
- d) He was backed up by American settlers of Texas

2. Which of these was a goal shared by advocates of manifest destiny

- a) Occupying all of the North American
- b) Withdrawing from foreign affairs
- c) Returning to an agrarian economic
- d) occupation of the land below the Rio Grande River

3. What was the idea called that "GOD" wanted America to stretch from the Atlantic to the Pacific ocean

- a) westward Expansion
- b) Stretchy time
- c) manifest Destiny
- d) Monroe Doctrine

4. The compromise of 1850 allowed certain territories to use popular sovereignty to determine whether the territory would be free or slave. This decision applied to much of the land gained from the

- a) War of 1812
- b) U.S. Mexican war
- c) civil war
- d) Annexation of Texas

5. The economies of the new western states were very different from those of the northern states in the mid 1800's. One major difference was that western states

- a) relied on subsistence farming
- b) focused on mining and agriculture
- c) used natural harbors for shipping
- d) Relied on trade and agriculture

6. The U.S. acquired the Oregon territory when

- a) Russia sold the land to the United States for \$7.2 million
- b) a treaty divided U.S. and British claims to the land is settled**
- c) Mexico sold the territory to the U.S. for \$10 million
- d) The Mexicans were defeated

7. What was the reason for the U.S. to declare war against Mexico in 1846

- a) To defend U.S. territory from Mexican aggression
- b) To overturn a corrupt Mexican government
- c) To end the Mexican slave rebellion
- d) To secure Texas

8. African slavery began in North America in 1619 at

- a) New Foundland
- b) Jamestown
- c) Missouri
- d) New Jersey

9. Before the compromise of 1820 there were

- a) 20 States
- b) 21 States
- c) 22 States
- d) 23 States

10. Why did the Texas annexation cause tension to take over Mexico?

- a) Many Mexicans felt that America would try to take over Mexico through Texas
- b) Mexico wanted to take over Texas
- c) Mexico was afraid of losing Texas as an ally
- d) Mexico wanted Texas for themselves

11. Which Texas President was the only President to also serve as governor in the state of Texas

- a) Houston
- b) Jones
- c) Henry Jack
- d) Macmillan

12. Which of the 13 colonies became the first to abolish slavery (1777)

- a) Vermont
- b) Pennsylvania
- c) Virginia
- d) Delaware



13. what is the manifest destiny?

a) American belief that it was their "God" given right to own the land from east to west from the atlantic to pacific ocean

b) the progress of the white Man

c) Texas future to reach the pacific

d) Abolition of slavery

14. The Texas was the \_\_\_\_\_ state to be annexed to the United State

a) 28th b) 15th c) 23th d) 26th

15. Since Texas become a state the head of it's executive branch would be

a) The Prime Minister

b) The Governor

c) The President

d) Senator

16. The principal of Republicasim is

a) When people are allowed to elected their leader

b) A political party

c) Communism

d) Federalism

17. Which war happened because of Texas Annexion

a) U.S Mexican war

b) Civil war

c) American Revolution

d) The war of 1812

18. The head of the executive branch for whole country is

a) The President b) the senator c) the king d) Prime Minister

19. As a state Texas shared power with the federal government this is called

a) Federalism b) Socialism c) Sovereignty d) Secularism

20. When was the Missouri compromise reached

a) 1820 b) 1803 c) 1850 d) 1951

21. Who came up with the idea of the Missouri compromise

a) Henry Clay b) Thomas Jefferson c) George Washington d) John Adams

22. At the time of Missouri compromise these were free state and slave states., where would the balance between free and slave state become unbalance if Missouri was accepted as a slave state.

a) In the senate b) in the judicial branch c) in the house of Representative d) Executive Branch

23. Where was the Missouri compromise line

a) 36-30 degrees north in the Louisiana purchase

b) 64-40 degrees north in the Louisiana purchase

c) 66-60 degrees north in the Louisiana purchase

d) 60-64 degrees north in the Louisiana purchase

24. How many votes does each state have in the Senate

a) 1 b) 2 c) 4 d) 3

25.why did the south pro -slavery states get the worst deal in the Missouri compromise ?

- a)it lost vote in the Senate
- b) there was more land below the 36-30 line
- c) it lost vote in the house of representiative
- d) Lost popularity among the masses

26.which of the following is true about Missouri compromise

- a)it was just a temporary solution
- b) it was solve all the issues concerning about slavery in the west
- c) the Arkanas territory prohibited slavery
- d) It benifit the pro slavery states

27.Staking a claim means

- a)Taking piece of land and marking it so that you can mind on it
- b) it means revoulation
- c)it was only a temporary solution
- d) making a point

28.What year did the gold rust begin

- a)1848
- b)1825
- c)1849
- d) 1850

29.Who was an interprenuer or business creator during the gold rust

- a) Willian Bentic
- b)Levi struss
- c)John Butter
- d) Carniggie

30.What were the people who searched for golg called

- a) Gold digger
- b) 49 ers
- c)76ers
- d) 96ers

31. By this , Mexico recognised the Rio Grande boundary and ceded New Mexico and California to the U.S.A

a) Treaty of Guadalupe b) Treaty of San Mexico c) Treaty of Rio Grande d) Treaty of EL Paso

32. In 1859 Harper Ferry was raided by

a) Adam Smit b) John Brown c) Jim Robert d) David Handsome

33. In the beginning of the 19<sup>th</sup> century , there were only two Independent country in the new world the U.S and

a) Brazil b) Mexico c) Italy d) Jamaica

34. The American President who wants to remove the Gag rule was

a) John Adams b) John Quincy Adams c) Abraham Lincoln d) John Calhoun

35. Who was the first American President to operate on the principle that the people themselves should decide public policy

a) John Quincy Adams b) Adam Smith c) Andrew Jackson d) Van Buren

36. Uncle Tom's Cabin was a book written by a

a) John Turner b) H.B Stowe c) Clement Smith d) Jessica Moore

37. The Gold rush of California began in

a) 1848 b) 1849 c) 1850 d) 1851

38. The frontier thesis of Turner is an argument advanced in the year

a) 1893 b) 1894 c) 1895 d) 1896

39) Slavery was officially ended by

a) 11<sup>th</sup> amendment b) 12<sup>th</sup> amendment c) 13<sup>th</sup> amendment d) 14<sup>th</sup> amendment

40. Basic need for the plain Indians was provided by the

a) Horse b) Buffalo c) Dog d) Wolf

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## MCQ on American History 1775 -1945

### unit III

1. When the civil war began the confederacy expected

a) it's armies to invade the north b) economic and military aid from Britian c) a long and difficult war of attrition d) that to win they would have to abandon their state right philosophy

2. Confederate batteries fired on fort Sumter when news was recieved that Lincoln

a) Ordered the front to be reinforced with federal troops b) ordered supply to be sent to the fort c) wanted federal troops to evacuate the front d) called the fort 75.000 volunteers to join the 4 union army

3. The emancipation proclamation promises freedom to slaves

a) in the union border states b) in confederate held states and territories c) in union territories d) if they agree to stay in the south

4. When Lincoln was inaugurated as president, his primary goal was to

a) invade the south b) recapture union installations in the south that had been seized by the confederates c) emancipate the union d) preserve the union

5. The New York city draft riots were primarily a protest against

a) the emancipation proclamation b) conscription c) Lincoln's suspension of the writ of habeas corpus d) the temporary declaration of martial law in the city

6. Which of the following states did not secede from the Union after the firing on Fort Sumter

a) Kentucky b) Tennessee c) Virginia d) Pennsylvania

7) As the civil war began, the north had all of the following advantages except

a) a large population b) a complex railroad network c) enormous industrial capabilities d) superior military leadership

8. During the civil war, the Confederacy won all the following battles except

a) Vicksburg b) Fredericksburg c) Chancellorsville d) Bull Run

9. Lincoln justified the Emancipation Proclamation on grounds of

a) moral imperative b) natural rights c) economic advantage d) military necessity

10. The fifteenth amendment was an attempt to gain \_\_\_\_\_ for African Americans

a)land ownership b)the right to vote c)an education c)citizenship

11.The major American export in the middle decades of the 19th century was

a)timber b)tobacco c)wheat d)cotton

12.During reconstruction their opponent called Southern white Reppublicans

a)scalawags b)redeemers c)uncle Toms d)carpet baggers

13.The union general note for believing in the carrying out the doctrine of total war was

a)Robert E.lee b)George B.McClellon c)Ulysses S.Grant d)Williams T Sherman

14.The first and the only President of the confedaracy was

a)Robert E.lee b)Jefferson Davis c)Alexander Hamilton stephens d)Howell cobb

15.on April 9,1865 Robert E.Lee surrendered the army of the Northern Virginia to Ulysses S,Grant at

a)Lynchbury b)Gettyburg c)Appomatox court house d)Richmond

16.The most obvious change in the north in the decades before the civil war was the

a)decline of the whaling industry b)rapid expansion of industry c)halt of emigration from Europe d) rapid expansion of unskilled worker

17.Member of the Peace Society in the north were often called

a)Tories b)Coppeheads c)Rednecks d)watermoccasins

18. President Lincoln viewed secession as

- a) a rejection of democracy b) no reason for civil war c) part of the right of self-determination  
d) a means for freeing the slaves

19. By 1880 about \_\_\_\_\_ percent of southern families owned slaves

- a) 10 b) 15 c) 25 d) 50

20. How did Lincoln treat the Civil Rights of dissenters during the civil war

- a) He prohibited any free election during the war b) He made arbitrary arrest for purely political reasons  
c) He suspended the writ of habeas corpus in critical areas and applied martial law freely d) he did everything in his power to pressure their rights because he was devoted to individual freedom

21. In establishing a new government, the south

- a) Totally rejected all existing federal laws b) was handicapped by its states rights philosophy c) fired all former federal officials because of doubts about their loyalty  
d) ignored federal precedent and administrative machinery

22. The first major battle of the civil war on July 21, 1861 was a disaster for the Union; it was called the battle of

- a) Antietam b) Shiloh c) Sharpsburg d) Bull Run

23. The Mississippi River was controlled by the Union after the fall of

- a) Louisville b) New Orleans c) Vicksburg d) Mobile

24. After the south seceded the Congress passed the \_\_\_\_\_ Acts

- a) Emancipation b) Personal Liberty c) Homestead d) Pre-Emption



25. After the Union was defeated at Bull Run, Lincoln chose \_\_\_\_\_ to command the Union forces

a) Irwin McDowell b) George B. McClellan c) Ulysses S. Grant d) Winfield Scott

26. Thaddeus Stevens, Charles Sumner and Benjamin Wade were leaders of the

a) Copperheads b) War Democrats c) Radical Republicans d) Lincoln Republicans

27. The Civil War was fought to

a) preserve the Union b) please the abolitionists c) destroy slavery d) punish the South

28. The South was divided into 5 military districts under the provision of the

a) Tenure of Office Act b) Civil Rights Act c) Reconstruction Act d) Confiscation Act

29. The Fourteenth Amendment guaranteed

a) U.S. citizenship to former slaves b) Land ownership for former slaves c) freedom to slaves d) Former slaves the right to vote

30. Senator \_\_\_\_\_ was beaten unconscious by a member of the House of Representatives after he gave his "The Crime Against Kansas" speech

a) Stephen Douglas b) Andrew Butter c) Petterson Brooks d) Charles Sumner

31. How many houses were created with the Great Compromise

a) 1 House b) 2 Houses c) 3 Houses d) 4 Houses

32) Name the President of confederacy during the civil war

a) John Adam b) Abraham Lincoln c) Jefferson Davis d) Roosavelt

33. Which constitution Amendment talk about Congress shall make no law

a) The first Amendment b) the second Amendment c) the third Amendenent d) the fourth Amerndment

34. Which Amendment abolished slavery in the U.S.A

a) 12th Amendment b) 13th Amendment c) 14th Amendment d) 15th Amendment

35) An organization that was founded in Tennessee which terrorized the Negroes was

a) Ku Klux Klan b) Cross Bearer c) English d) Mason

36. In 1867, Oliver Hudson Kelly had founded an organization known as the Patrons of Husbandry, and was also known as the

a) Husband movement b) Scallawags c) The Grange d) Hellora

37. 'the duties of all public offices are so plain and simple that men of intelligence may readily qualify themselves for there performance,' who said this

a) Jackson b) Lincoln c) Jefferson d) Monroe

38. By 1865, under Presidietial reconstruction how many Southern states were reconstructed

a) 2 b) 3 c) 4 d) 5

39. Congressional reconstruction was also known as

a) Moderate reconstruction b) Liberal reconstruction c) Radical reconstruction d) Neo reconstruction

40. President Hayes withdrew the last federal troops from the south in

- a) 1875   b)1876   c) 1877   d) 1878

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## MCQ on American History 1775 -1945

### UNIT (IV)

1. Who issued the emancipation proclamation?

- a) John F. Kennedy   b) Abraham Lincoln   c) F.D Roosevelt   d) Non of the above

2. Name the President of confederates during the civil war.

- a) Jafferson Davis   b) John adams   c) Abraham Lincoln   d) F.D Roosevelt

3. How many were killed during the American civil war?

- a) 60,0000   b) 70,0000   c) 80,0000   d) 65,0000

4. In 1870 how many American people lived in Urban area

- a) 15%   b) 20%   c) 25%   d) 30%

5. The total distance of all railway line in operation in the United state in 1850 was

- a)14000 K.M b)15000 K.M c)13000 K.M d)14500 K.M

6. How many Millionare are there in 1850

- a) about 30 b)about 20 c) about 25 d)about 35

7. The 1<sup>st</sup> Reform era occured in the year before the

- a) cold war b)civil war c) world war I d)Non of the above

8. In which year Congress passed the Home state Act

- a)1860 b)1863 c)1862 d)1861

9. When did the Congress deleared war on Spain

- a) April 25, 1890 b)April 20, 1898 c)April 25, 1898 d) April 21, 1891

10. Bryan Spectacular are

- a)cross of silver b) cross of gold c) cross of Diamond d) Nonm of the above

11. The worker who was support by American railway union leader was

- a) William Jenning Bryan b)Samuel Thumson c) Henry Clay Frick d)Eugen V.Debs

12. When was the industrial Revoulution occured in Americac

- a) from 1760-1840 b) from 1765 - 1845 c)from 1760 - 1850 d) from 1765-1850

13. When was the Reform movement period start

a)1827 b)1828 c)1829 d)1839

14. In which year the 21<sup>st</sup> Amendment repealed prohibition

a)1823 b)1933 c)1833 d)1923

15. In 1878 which diseases wiped out one fourth population of Memphis?

a) smallpox b)yellow fever c)cholera d)dengue

16. During civil war what things made soldier die more than the gun shoot

a)virus b)earthquake c)cyclone d)diseases

17. When did the U.S census Bureau become part of the new department of commerce and labour

a) on february 14,1902 b)on february 14, 1903 c) on February 1803 d)on February 14,1906

18. Coloured farmers Alliance was formed in

a)1786 b) 1886 c)1896 d)1885

19. when did the Populist party started ?

a)1890 b)1790 c)1895 d)1896

20. Agrarian revolt populism occurred during the period of

a) 1865- 1900 b)1860- 1900 c)1865 - 1910 d) 1765 - 1900

21. The Populist party was also called as

a) The Republican Party b) The Democratic Party c) The Federalist Party d) The People Party

22. Farmer alliance originated in

- a) Late 1880,s b) Late 1870,s c) Late 1890,s d) Non of the above

23. The Federal law of 1873 was also called

- a) Crime of 1883 b) Crime of 1873 c) Crime of 1893 d) Crime of 1774

24. The second Reform Era began during

- a) Re-Union b) Re-Construction c) Re-Improvement d) Non of the above

25. The second Reform Era lasted Until

- a) 1916 b) 1917 c) 1918 d) 1817

26. The period of American history from about 1810 - 1970 is often called

- a) Cold world era b) Dening civil war c) Progressive era d) Reconstruction era

27. When did the progressive movement developed

- a) Last quarter of the 19<sup>th</sup> century  
b) last quarter of the 18<sup>th</sup> century  
c) last quarter of the 17<sup>th</sup> century  
d) Non of the above

28. How many immigrants entered the U.S between 1870 - 1960

- a) more than 25 million b) more than 30 million c) more than 35 million d) more than 20

29. The two most essential needs for the expansion of industry were

- a) Gold and Silver   b) Coal and Steel   c) Iron and Steel   d) Gold and Steel

30. The slogan used by Roosevelt for his foreign policy strategy

- a) Speak softly and carry a big stick  
b) One death is a tragedy, one million is a statistic  
c) Blood and iron  
d) Death is the solution to all problems

31. The dominant figure in the growth of the American Steel Industry was

- a) Andrew Carnegie   b) Rockefeller   c) Henry Ford   d) Henry E. Frick

32. The American first commercial Oil was drilled in

- a) Texas   b) Pennsylvania   c) California   d) Ohio

33. Who devised a satisfactory filament for light bulb in 1879

- a) Joseph Henry   b) Michel Faraday   c) Thomas Alva Edison   d) Michel Pupin

34. Who was the Scotch immigrant Scientist who invented the telephone

- a) Mc Kennedy   b) Grenlevitch Jr   c) Thomas Alva Edison   d) Alexander Graham Bell

35. The most promising movement that the South had known since the time of Thomas Jefferson was

- a) The Gorge   b) The Populist   c) The Progressive   d) The Scalawags

36. Direct disfranchisement of the Negroes was prohibited by the

a) 11th amendment    b) 12th amendment    c) 14th amendment    d) 15th amendment

37. The intellectual and political awaking in the 1880's and 1890's which produced concrete result in the form of comprehensive moment of reform is known as

a) Progressive moment    b) Pupulist moment    c) Enlightenment moment    d) Mercantilist movement

38. In publicizing the need for reform in the late 1880's , a leading part was played by a group of journalist , they were known as

a) The Grange    b) The Muckrakers    c) The Papparazzi    d) The Dustremover

39. The realname of the famous American writer, Mack Twain was

a) Marcus Terence Twain    b) Samuel Long horn Clements    c) Mathew Tennyson    d) Mark Augustus Twain

40. American women suffrage movement was amended by the

a) 25th amendment    b) 16th amendment    c) 18th amendment    d) 19th amendment

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## MCQ on American Histoiry 1775 -1945



## Unit (v)

1. What led the United States to declare war?

- a) The breaking of the Sussex pledge resulted in Washington breaking diplomatic ties with Germany
- b) The Zimmerman note caused anti-Germany sentiments in the U.S.
- c) The sinking of the passenger ship Lusitania by a German U-boat
- d) All of the above

2. As World War I erupts in Europe, who proclaimed the neutrality of the United States?

- a) Woodrow Wilson
- b) Roosevelt
- c) Henry S. Truman
- d) General Patton

3. When did the United States join World War I?

- a) April 6, 1917
- b) May 1, 1917
- c) May 8, 1917
- d) May 9, 1917

4. In when did the first world war break out?

- a) 1914
- b) 1915
- c) 1916
- d) 1917

5. How many countries were involved in the first world war?

- a) 32
- b) 30
- c) 35
- d) 37

6. The Treaty of Versailles was signed on

- a) June 1919
- b) March 1919
- c) April 1919
- d) May 1919

7. One of Wilson's Fourteen Points

- a) Dipomacy should be public with no secret treaties
- b) U.N.O should be formed
- c) The United Nation should have it's headquarter at London
- d) Total publition of arms

8. What did Wilson's 14<sup>th</sup> points propose?

- a) The creation of the league of Nation
- b) Creation of souith East Asian country
- d) Unification of Eastern Europe

9. President wilson was defeaded in the election of 1920 by the Republican candidate

- a) Roosevelt
- b) Warren G.Harding
- c) Henry S.Thomas
- d) Charles Seymoon

10. Which historians denied that the American involvement in the 1<sup>st</sup> world war would be attributed to attruism and idealism

- a) Liberal historians
- b) Nationalist historian
- c) Radical historian
- d) Marxist historian

11. "World war I end the olrgin of civil liberties" was written by

- a) W.A William
- b) Paul Murphy
- c)m Emma Goldman
- d) G.T. Blakey

12. Which amendment passed the total prohibition act on liquor

- a) 17<sup>th</sup> amendment
- b) 18<sup>th</sup> amendment
- c) 19<sup>th</sup> amendment
- d) 20<sup>th</sup> amendment

13.The main public enemy of the American people in 1919 was

- a) Imperial Germain
- b) High cost of living
- c) Union strikes
- d) Intoxicating beverages

14. The violent eruption in Chicago during 1919 was called

- a) Bloody Sunday   b) Red summer   c) Red October   d) Bloody May

15. The first woman and the first American to swim the English channel was

- a) Edith Ederle   b) Ruth Williams   c) Nancy Roberts   d) Anna Smit

16. Who was the United States President at the start of the "Great Depression" ?

- a) Roosevelt   b) Henry S. Thomas   c) Hoover   d) Wilson

17. In 1933 the Congress passed a series of administrative measures which were later summarized as "relief, recovery and reform" this was also known as

- a) The Roosevelt Deal   b) The First New Deal   c) The New Reforming Deal   d) The Relief Deal

18. Which Act abolished child labour in the United States?

- a) The Congressional Act of 1938   b) The Child Labour Act of 1938   c) The Fair Labour Standards Act of 1938   d) The Emancipation Act of 1938

19. In which country did the United States introduce the "Open door" policy

- a) China   b) Japan   c) Macau   d) Mongolia

20. The largest ancestral group of European Americans is

- a) French   b) Irish   c) Dutch   d) German

21. Who was the President of the United State during world war I ?

a) Roosevelt   b) Lincoln   c) Wilson   d) Jackson

22. The President of the United States who served for the longest term in office was

a) Washington   b) F.Roosevelt   c) Wilson   d) Kennedy

23. One of the reason for the U.S entry into the I world war was the sinking of a passenger ship 'Lusitania by German U-boat was owned by

a) France   b) England   c) Benguim   d) Mexico

24. When did the great depression reached it peack in the economic downtown in the history in the Western Industrilization world

a) 1912   b) 1930   c) 1932   d) 1933

25. In which year was the 'New deal' introduced by Franklin D.Roosevelt

a) 1930   b) 1931   c) 1932   d) 1933

26. When did the United States entered the II<sup>nd</sup> world war ?

a) 1940   b) 1941   c) 1942   d) 1943

27. Who was the American President when the Atom bomb was dropped in Japan

a) Harry S.Truman   b) Wilson   c) Roosevelt   d) Patton

28. Which Congressional election ended the New Deal period ?

a) 1937   b) 1938   c) 1939   d) 1940

29. When did Adolf Hitler came into power in Germany ?

- a) 1932   b) 1933   c) 1934   d) 1935

30. Which American Act forbade loans to nations in default?

- a) Johnson Act of 1934   b) Houver Act of 1934   c) Theodore Act of 1939   d)  
Congressional Act of 1934

31. The II<sup>nd</sup> world war began when Germany attack Poland in

- a) 1<sup>st</sup> September 1939   b) 1<sup>st</sup> September 1940   c) 14<sup>th</sup> September 1939   d) 14<sup>th</sup>  
September 1915

32. What was the name of the tactic/method used by the Germans when they invade Poland ?

- a) Blitzkrieg   b) Understurm   c) Luffwafee   d) Feldwebel

33. The " Four policeman": Britian, China , Soviet union and the united States, was the word coined by

- a) Houver   b) Roosevelt   c) Truman   d) Churchill

34. The American Pilots who were allowed to serve in China during the II<sup>nd</sup> world war were called

- a) The flying Dragons   b) The flying Tigers   c) The flying tommy   d) The flying devil

35. When did the Japanese planes attack Peare Harbors

- a) 1 june 1941   b) 8 July 1941   c) 7 December 1941   d) 6 May 1941

36. Who was the Japanese emperor during the II<sup>nd</sup> world war ?

- a) mitsubishi    b) Kazukasi    c) Hirohito    d) Tamanaki

37. Who was the American General who commended the joined forces of the Allies before the end of the II<sup>nd</sup> world war ?

- a) General Patton    b) General Eisenhower    c) General Randelph    d) General Parker

38. In 1942 , Japanese navel power was checked and ended as an offensive threat to the US at

- a) Saratago    b) Macau    c) Midway island    d) Borneo

39. The first atom bomb was dropped on the Japanese city of Hiroshima in

- a) 1<sup>st</sup> August 1945    b) 3<sup>rd</sup> August 1945    c) 6<sup>th</sup> August 1945    d) 7<sup>th</sup> August 1945

40. The formal surrender of Japan was signed on September 2<sup>nd</sup> 1945 on the battleship named

- a) Kamikaze    b) Missouri    c) Lincoln    d) Washington